



VMM

Multiple safety solenoid valve for gas regulating trains DN20 ... DN80

VMM

Multiple safety solenoid valve for gas regulating trains

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Description

The VMM type valve is a combination of two solenoid valves in an only compact and versatile valve housing.

This type of device is suitable for air or gas blocking and releasing controls (with one or two stages operation), required in gas power burners, atmospheric gas boiler, industrial kilns and others gas consuming appliances.

Features

The valves are made of aluminum alloy die-cast, with a range for inlet/outlet connections from DN20 (3/4") up to DN80 (3").

Sealings are made of NBR-based rubber certified for use with gas (EN 549).

Pipe connections meet group 2 and backpressure sealing is compliant with class A, according to EN161 requirements.

A third valve with capacity of DN15 or DN25 can be fitted to by-pass the second one and have a low fire stage or a second outlet for pilot burner (pilot execution).

Suitable for use with air and non-aggressive gases included in the 1, 2 and 3 families (EN 437). Special versions for aggressive gases.



The whole range can be provided in Ex-proof execution, for use in Zones 2 and 22, according to 2014/34/EU Directive (ATEX).

The valve is open only when energized: if, for any reason, power supply goes down, the valve closes immediately (intrinsic safe).

Suitable for heavy-duty cycle operation and qualified for continuous service (100% ED).

Equipped with flow rate adjustment.

An incorporated fine mesh filter protects the valve seat and disc as well as downstream components and prevents dirty contamination.

Provided with bilateral pressure ports on two sides in all pressure chambers, to connect manometers, pressure switches, leakage tester or other gas equipments.

The coils are provided with terminal box or with ISO 4400 plug. Both systems are provided with suitable cable gland to avoid water and dirty contamination.

The normally open vent valve VMRNA can be integrated in VMM from 1"¼ to 3"; dimensions and piping are the same of third pilot valve. See VMRNA datasheet for other details.

All components are designed to withstand any mechanical, chemical and thermal condition occurring during typical service. Effective impregnation and surface treatments have been used to improve mechanical sturdiness, sealing and resistance to corrosion of the components.

Valves are 100% tested by computerized testing machineries and are fully warranted.

Functioning and application

The VMM type valve is a safety shutting device using auxiliary power supply.

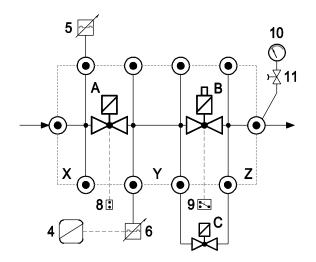
The first valve (A) is a fast opening safety solenoid valve. When it is de-energized, the spring pushes on the seal disc, keeping the gas passage closed. Now, the inlet chamber is under the gas line pressure, and it forces on the disc too, improving the seal.

When the coil is powered the valve opens rapidly, against the strength of the spring and gas pressure.

If the power supply is shut off, the valve rapidly closes, interrupting the gas flow.

Equally, the second valve (B) may be a fast opening or a slow opening solenoid valve to adjust the gas flow, with a first adjustable fast stroke and a second adjustable slow stroke.

It is possible to connect a third by-pass valve (C), which works as low fire stage or to obtain a second fast (slow) stroke or both.



1 = Ball valve

2 = Filter

3 = Pressure regulator

4 = Tightness control

5 = Minimum gas pressure switch

6 = Tightness control pressure switch

7 = Multiple solenoid valve

8 = Valve position visual indicator

9 = Closed position indicator switch

10 = Burner pressure gauge

11 = Push button valve

A = First valve

B = Second valve

C = By-pass valve

X = Inlet chamber Y = Middle chamber

Z = Outlet chamber

(the above scheme refers to size 1 "1/4-2" with third valve as by-pass)

Fig.1

This kind of valve is normally installed as safety and regulating device in gas trains, for industrial applications and gas firing systems.

Figure 2 shows an example of installation.

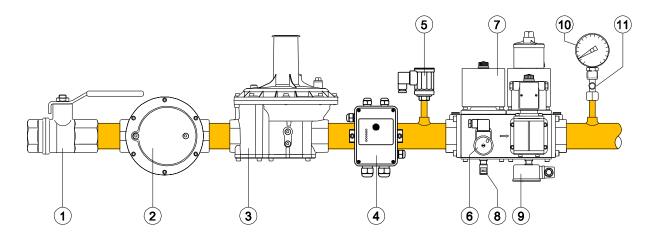
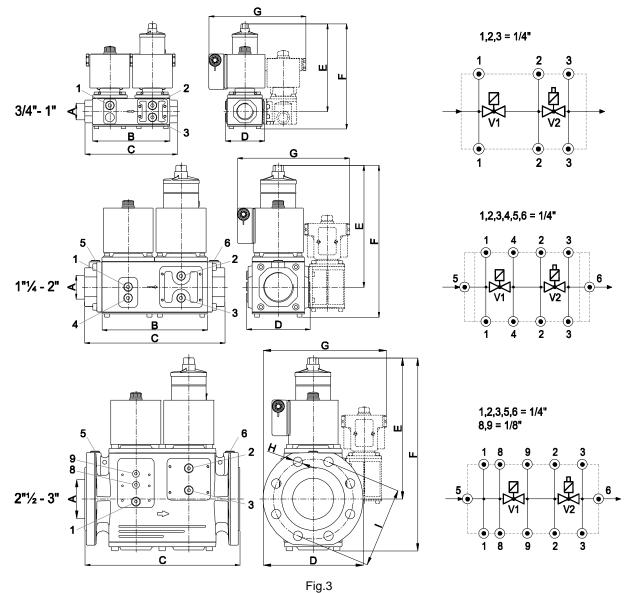


Fig.2

Technical specifications

Tab. 1

Connections	Gas threaded ISO 7-1 from Rp3/4 to Rp2 or ANSI-ASME B1.20 from 3/4"NPT to 2"NPT Flanged PN16 – ISO 7005 from DN40 to DN80 or ANSI-ASA-ASME B16.5 class 150 from 2" to 3"
By-pass size	DN15 or DN25
Voltage rating	230 VAC 50/60 Hz 120 VAC 50/60 Hz 110 VAC 50/60 Hz 24 VAC/DC
Voltage tolerance	-15% / +10%
Power consumption	70W for 3/4" – 1" 90W (working) for 1"¼ -3" by-pass 1/2" 25W by-pass 1" 35W
Ambient temperature Media temperature	-15°C / +60°C (+5°F to +140°F)
Max. operating pressure	200 mbar (3 psig) 500 mbar (5 psig)
Body test pressure	1 bar (15 psig)
Flow capacity	see charts
Closing time	< 1 second
Opening time	Adjustable
Pressure ports	G1/4 (add. G1/8 onto flanged models)
Gas strainer	600 μm (0.02 in), metal mesh
Enclosure	IP54 (NEMA 3) optional IP65 with cable (NEMA 4)
Cable gland	M20x1,5 for terminal box PG 9 for ISO plug
Wires cross-section	2,5 mm ² max. (AWG 12) for terminal board 1,5 mm ² max. (AWG 14) for ISO plug
Electrical safety	Class I (EN 60335-1)
Coil winding insulation	Class H (200°C, 392°F)
Coil thermal resistance	Class F (155°C, 311°F)



Tab. 2

Model	Overall dimensions (mm/in)								Weight	
Model	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	(Kg/lbs)
VMMF00	D0/4	154/6,06	185/7,28	78/3,07	130/5,12	165/6,50	112/4,41	-	-	5,4/11,9
VMMS00	Rp3/4 3/4"NPT	154/6,06	185/7,28	78/3,07	186/7,32	221/8,70	112/4,41	-	-	5,8/12,8
VMMS10	Rp1 - 1"NPT -	154/6,06	185/7,28	78/3,07	186/7,32	221/8,70	194/7,64	-	-	7,1/15,7
VMMS20		154/6,06	185/7,28	78/3,07	186/7,32	221/8,70	194/7,64	-	-	7,5/16,5
VMMF00		211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	170/6,69	230/9,05	148/5,82	-	-	13,0/28,7
VMMS00	Rp11/4	211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	245/9,64	305/12,00	148/5,82	-	-	13,7/30,2
VMMS10	1"¼NPT Rp1 ½	211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	245/9,64	305/12,00	200/7,87	-	-	15,3/33,7
VMMS20	1"½NPT Rp2	211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	245/9,64	305/12,00	200/7,87	-	-	15,5/34,2
VMMS30	2"NPT	211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	245/9,64	305/12,00	220/8,66	-	-	16,3/35,9
VMMS40		211/8,31	280/11,02	127/5,00	245/9,64	305/12,00	220/8,66	-	-	16,5/36,4
VMMF00		-	310/12,20	200/7,87	213/8,39	317/12,48	200/7,87			17,0/37,5
VMMS00	DNOS	-	310/12,20	200/7,87	288/11,34	388/15,28	200/7,87	4::40	445	18,2/40,1
VMMS10	DN65 2"½ANSI	-	310/12,20	200/7,87	288/11,34	388/15,28	250/9,84	4x3/4	145 5,5	19,8/43,7
VMMS20	DN80 3"ANSI	-	310/12,20	200/7,87	288/11,34	388/15,28	250/9,84		160 6,0	20,0/44,1
VMMS30	0 / 11 (0)	-	310/12,20	200/7,87	288/11,34	388/15,28	250/9,84	77.74	0,0	20,8/45,9
VMMS40		-	310/12,20	200/7,87	288/11,34	388/15,28	250/9,84			21,0/46,3

Gas flow chart

(Pressure drop)

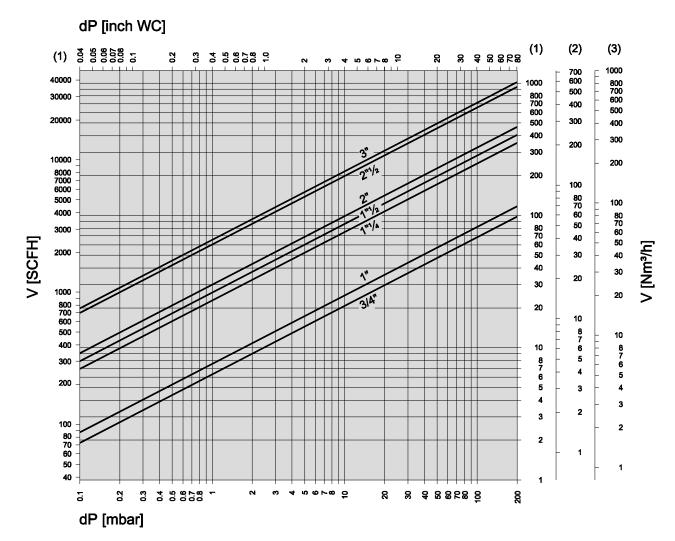


Fig. 4

Formula of conversion from air to other gases

$$V_{\text{GAS}} = k \cdot V_{\text{AIR}}$$

		Tab. 3
Gas type	Density <i>P</i> [Kg/m³]	$k = \sqrt{\frac{1.25}{ ho_{GAS}}}$
(1) Natural gas	0,80	1,25
(2) LPG	2,08	0,77
(3) Air	1,25	1,00

15°C, 1013 mbar, dry

When the flow read on the diagram is referred to operating pressure instead of standard conditions, the pressure drop Δp read on the diagram must be multiplied for the factor: (1+ relative pressure in bar)

Example:

In the 2" solenoid valve with an air flow of 60 Nm 3 /h there is a pressure drop $\Delta p = 6$ mbar. If we consider that 60 m 3 /h is the flow at 200 mbar of inlet pressure, then the pressure drop to be consider is:

$$\Delta p = 6x(1+0,2) = 7,2 \text{ mbar}$$

Normally, pressure drop and flow rate for the valves are read from the gas flow diagram. However, the valves can also be chosen in accordance with the characteristic "Kvs value" which is shown below:

Tab. 4

		Kvs [m ³ /h]	Tub. 4
	Main valve	Bypass 1/2"	Bypass 1"
3/4"	6,0	4,6	-
1"	7,0	4,6	-
1"1⁄4	21,5	6,0	9,0
1"1⁄2	25,0	6,0	9,0
2"	27,4	6,0	9,0
DN65	59,0	6,0	9,0
DN80	61,0	6,0	9,0

The selection of the valve requires the calculation of the Kv under the operating conditions.

Considering only subcritical pressure drops:

$$\Delta p < \frac{p_1}{2}$$

Kv can be calculated with the formula:

$$Kv = \frac{V}{514} \sqrt{\frac{\rho(t+273)}{\Delta p \cdot p_2}}$$

where

V = flow rate $[Nm^3/h]$

Kv = flow factor [m³/h]

 ρ = density [Kg/m³]

p₁ = absolute inlet pressure [bar]

p₂ = absolute outlet pressure [bar]

 Δp = differential pressure p_1 - p_2 [bar]

t = media temperature [°C]

To the Kv value calculated from operating conditions we add an allowance of 20%, to obtain the minimum Kvs value which the valve should have:

Kvs > 1,2 Kv



Valve must be selected considering the following:

- Pressure drops $\Delta p \le 0.1p_1$ are recommended and $\Delta p > p_1/2$ are always unadvisable
- Flow velocities w ≤ 15 m/s are recommended and w > 50 m/s are always unadvisable.

Ordering information

Second valve type $F = fast$ $S = slow$ By-pass valve on (seen from the inle 0 = none $1 = \frac{1}{2}$ " (DN15) Fa $2 = \frac{1}{2}$ " (DN15) SI By-pass valve on (seen from the inle 0 = none $1 = \frac{1}{2}$ " (DN15) Fa $2 = \frac{1}{2}$ " (DN15) Fa $2 = \frac{1}{2}$ " (DN15) SIc Special versions		VMM	50	2	Α	S	1	0	.J	
20 = 3/4" 25 = 1" 32 = 1"½ 40 = 1"½ DN40 50 = 2" DN50 65 = DN65 80 = DN80 Max. Operating p 2 = 200 mbar (3 p 5 = 500 mbar (7 p Supply voltage A = 230V 50/60H: C = 24V AC/DC G = 24V DC N = US market ve Second valve typ F = fast S = slow By-pass valve on (seen from the inle 0 = none 1 = ½" (DN15) Fa 2 = ½" (DN15) SI By-pass valve on (seen from the inle 0 = none 1 = ½" (DN15) Fa 2 = ½" (DN15) Fa 2 = ½" (DN15) SI Special versions										
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0 = none 1 = ½" (DN15) Fa 2 = ½" (DN15) Slo Special versions	on the Left side (special	execution)								
Special versions) Fast	3 = 1" (DN25 4 = 1" (DN25								
D Execution D1 Execution D2 Execution P Proof of J Biogas K Coke ov	power (when not standard) cution with pilot valve 1/2" cution with pilot valve 1" cution with NO vent valve 1 of of closure (POC) for US r as e oven gas (COG)	33								

(1) Optional kit

Tab.5

	230Vac	120Vac	200 mbar (3 psig) 110Vac	24Vac/dc	24Vdc	230Vac	120Vac	500 mbar (7 psig) 110Vac	24Vac/dc	24Vdc
3/4"-1"	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		
1"1/4-1"1/2-2"	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		
2"1/2-3"	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		•

Available

Tab.6

Special versions

- The valves can be supplied in special versions for aggressive gases such as biogas (version J) and COG (version K), they are free of non-ferrous metals and provided with special seals.
- The valves are available with a proof-of-closure switch (POC), comply with NFPA 86 requirements (version P). A factory adjusted SPDT switch inside an enclosure mounted on the bottom of the valve, provides an electrical signal indicating the valve position. A two-colored led gives also a visual indication of the valve position (Red = valve open, Green = valve closed).
- All the valves with terminal box can be supplied with a special electronic board which
 provides full power for the opening stage, then it switches to low power consumption
 for the holding stage (standard from 1"¼ to 3").
- The third valve can be fitted to have a separate line for a pilot burner:

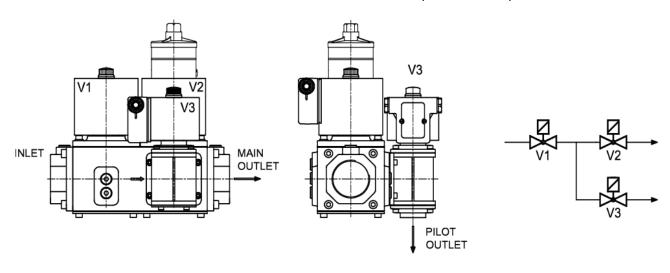


Fig.5

Optionals

- G1/8 connection on the bottom to fit a closed position indicator switch (PCS) or visual indicator (VI): on request from 3/4" to 2" (standard from 2"½ to 3").
- Enclosure class can be increased up to IP65. The valves will be provided with a sealed terminal box and cable set.
- All the valves can be provided with a special cable gland and Ex-proof marking for use in Zones 2 and 22, according to 2014/34/EU Directive (ATEX):

category II 3 G,D

protection mode Ex ec IIA T4 Gc X

Ex tc IIIB T135°C Dc X or

Ex tc IIIC T135°C Dc X (IP65)

ambient temperature -15 / +40 °C

- All the valves can be provided with transparent cover and LED which lights up when electrical power is supplied.
- All the valves can be provided with electrical connection made by a standard plug ISO 4400 (optional with LED indicator).
- All the valves can be provided with anodizing housing or epoxy coating to withstand the aggressive environments.
- The threaded models 1"½ and 2" can be provided with flanged connections using an optional kit.

Design, installation and servicing

To assure a proper and safe operation, as well as a long service life of the valve, consider the following recommendations during the design of the system where the valve will be installed:

- Ensure that all the features of your system comply with the specifications of the valve (gas type, operating pressure, flow rate, ambient temperature, electrical voltage, etc.).
- Valve may be mounted with coil in horizontal or vertical position, not upside down. Coil may be oriented 360 degrees in any direction.
- In the event of vertical pipe, the flow direction should be from bottom to top.
- After removing the end caps make sure no foreign body will enter into the valve during handling or installation (e.g. swarf or excessive sealing agent).
- A gas filter should be always installed upstream the valve.
- Ensure that installing area is protected from rain and water splashes or drops.
- Perform leak and functional tests after mounting.
- The continuous service (100% ED) causes inevitable coil heating, depending on working environment. Never install the valve close to walls or other equipments. To improve the coil cooling, install the valve allowing free air circulation.
- Perform maintenance according to service instructions at least once a year (most often for aggressive gases).
- Due to seals aging, to ensure safe operation, we recommend the valve replacement after 10 years from the date of manufacture stamped on the product. The heavy cycle operation may reduce the expected lifetime.
- This control must be installed in compliance with the rules in force.
- Make sure all works are performed by qualified technicians only and in compliance with local and national codes.
- To prevent product damage and dangerous situations, read carefully the instructions supplied with the product before use.





Standards and approvals

The product complies with the essential requirements of the following European Directives and their amendments:



2016/426/EU (Gas Appliances Regulation) 2014/34/EU (ATEX) when shown upon the product 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility) 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Directive) 2011/65/EU (RoHS II) CE-Reg.-No. 0063AQ1350



The product is suitable for applications comply with NFPA 86 (Class 7400).

Factory Mutual Approval Identification: 0003061781



The product complies with the Technical Regulations TP TC 004/2011-016/2011-020/2011-032/2013 of Russia, Belarus and Kazakhstan.

Declaration of Conformity: № RU Д-IT.PA01.B.08271/18



The valves meet the requirements of functional safety of electrical systems according to the European standard IEC EN 61508 and are certified for systems up to SIL3.

Certificate No.: C-IS-722161852

Quality Management System is certified according to UNI EN ISO 9001.



The information in this document contains general descriptions of technical options available and based on current specifications.

The company reserves the right to make changes in specifications and models as design improvements are introduced, without prior notice.

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